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Law No. 24 of 1977
regarding the industrial registry

In the name of the people
President of the Republic

The People's Assembly has decided on the following law, and we have issued it:

(Article 1)

The Ministry of Industry and Mineral Resources shall prepare a specific industrial registry to record industrial and craft establishments, whether affiliated with the public sector, the cooperative sector, the private sector, or the joint sector, whose capital is not less than five thousand pounds or whose number of employees is not less than ten workers. The Minister of Industry and Mineral Resources shall issue a decision to determine them.

The executive regulations shall specify the data to be recorded in the aforementioned register. The provisions of this law shall not apply to establishments operating in the field of military production.

(Article 2)

Establishments subject to the provisions of this law must submit to the Minister of Industry and Mineral Resources an application for registration in the industrial registry within thirty days of the start of actual production.

These establishments must submit an application to renew their registration every five years, all in accordance with the terms and conditions specified in the executive regulations.

(Article 3)

Establishments subject to the provisions of this law must notify the Ministry of Industry and Mineral Resources of any change in the data related to them and registered in the industrial registry within ninety days from the date of this change, in accordance with the terms and conditions specified in the executive regulations.

(Article 4)

The owner of the establishment or its manager is obligated to submit an application for registration in the register or a request to renew it or change the data in accordance with the provisions of Articles 2 and 3 of this law.

The Ministry of Industry and Mineral Resources shall provide the facility with a certificate of its registration in the industrial registry, or renewal of this registration, or change of data, within sixty days from the date of submitting the application and completing all related documents.

This certificate is one of the documents required to deal with the state's administrative apparatus, public bodies, and the public sector, starting from the day following the expiration of one year from the date of publication of the executive regulations.

(Article 5)

The establishment's registration shall be deleted from the industrial registry if it becomes no longer subject to the provisions of this law, or if it ceases production permanently, by a reasoned decision issued by the Minister of Industry and Mineral Resources, and the establishment owner or the person

in charge of its management shall be notified thereof by registered letter with acknowledgement of receipt.

(Article 6)

The interested party has the right to appeal the decisions issued in implementation of the provisions of this law to the Minister of Industry and Mineral Resources within thirty days from the date of notification of the decision.

The grievance shall be submitted within seven days of its submission to a committee to be formed by the Minister, which shall include one of the Undersecretaries of the Ministry of Industry and Mineral Resources as Chairman, two employees of the Ministry, each of whom shall be at least at the first level, a representative of the Federation of Industries or a representative of the Central Cooperative Production Union, chosen by the Chairman of the Federation, as the case may be, and a deputy from the Fatwa Department of the Ministry of Industry and Mineral Resources at the State Council, chosen by the Chairman of this Department.

The committee shall issue a reasoned decision to adjudicate the grievance after hearing the complainant's statements within sixty days from the date of its submission to it.

The Committee's decision to adjudicate the grievance shall be communicated to the Minister of Industry and Mineral Resources within five days of its issuance.

The committee's decision shall be final if the minister does not object to it within fifteen days of being notified thereof..

The Minister's decision to approve the Committee's decision and its reasons shall be communicated to the complainant by registered letter with acknowledgment of receipt.

The executive regulations shall specify the procedures followed by the committee in considering the grievance.

(Article 7)

A fee shall be collected for all registration, renewal, data change, grievances and extracts necessary to implement the provisions of this law, in accordance with what is specified in the executive regulations, not to exceed five pounds for any of them.

(Article 8)

The Ministry of Industry and Mineral Resources issues an annual bulletin on the industrial facilities that have been registered. This bulletin includes the data specified by the executive regulations.

(Article 9)

The competent employees of the entity responsible for implementing this law, whose category is not less than the second level at least, who are determined by a decision issued by the Minister of Industry and Mineral Resources in agreement with the Minister of Justice, shall have the right to inspect the facility subject to the provisions of this law and to review its books and documents at the facility's headquarters and during regular working hours to verify the accuracy of the data contained in the industrial registry.

These employees shall have the status of judicial police in the procedures they undertake in implementation of the provisions of this law.

(Article 10)

Without prejudice to any more severe penalty stipulated by another law, the owner of the facility subject to the provisions of this law, as well as the person responsible for its management, shall be punished with a fine of not less than twenty pounds and not more than two hundred pounds in the

event of violating the provisions of Articles (2), (3), the first paragraph of Article (4), and Article (12) of this law.

The same penalty shall be imposed on anyone who writes in correspondence and printed matter related to the industrial facility anything that contradicts the data recorded about it in the industrial registry.

Anyone who refrains from enabling the workers referred to in Article (9) of this law to perform their duties shall be punished with a fine of not less than ten pounds and not more than one hundred pounds.

In all cases, the fine shall be doubled in the event of recidivism.

(Article 11)

Every person charged with implementing the provisions of this law shall be obligated to observe the confidentiality of the data contained in the industrial registry that is not included in the bulletin stipulated in Article (8) of this law, and anyone who violates this shall be punished with the penalty stipulated in Article 310 of the Penal Code.

(Article 12)

Establishments subject to the provisions of this law and existing at the time of its entry into force must submit, within six months from the date of publication of its executive regulations, an application to be registered in the industrial registry.

(Article 13)

The Minister of Industry and Mineral Resources shall issue the executive regulations for this law.

(Article 14)

Any provision that contradicts the provisions of this law shall be cancelled.

(Article 15)

This law shall be published in the Official Gazette and shall be effective from the date of its publication.

This law shall be stamped with the seal of the State and implemented as one of its laws.

Issued by the Presidency of the Republic on 12 Jumada al-Ula 1397 (April 30, 1977))

Anwar ElSadat

Report of the Industry and Motives Committee

About Draft Law No. 24 of 1977

In its session held on January 29, 1977, the Council referred to the Committee a draft law regarding the industrial registry to study it and submit its assessment of it to the Council. It considered it in its meeting held on Tuesday, February 15, 1977, and decided to form a subject committee to study the aforementioned draft law.

The subject committee held a meeting for this purpose on Saturday, February 19, 1977, and in this meeting, it concluded the preparation of a draft report that was presented to the committee at its meeting on March 13, 1977.

The committee meeting on February 15, 1977 was attended by Eng./ Issa Shaheen, Minister of Industry and Mineral Resources. Mr. / Abbas Al-Husseini, Undersecretary of the General Authority for Industrialization, as a representative of the government, also attended the committee meeting on March 13, 1977.

The Committee reviewed the draft law and its explanatory memorandum, and reviewed Law No. 21 of 1958 regarding the regulation and encouragement of industry, and Law No. 453 of 1954 regarding industrial and commercial establishments and other establishments that disturb comfort, are harmful to health, and are dangerous.

The Committee found that Law No. 21 of 1958 on the regulation and encouragement of industry was limited to the industrial registry, with regard to the registration of industrial establishments at the time of the issuance of the aforementioned law, without following up on the registration of any new establishments or any changes that occur in the data of the establishments that were registered.

It also became clear to her that the proposed draft law aims to prepare a qualitative industrial registry to register industrial and craft establishments through a realistic organization of industrial establishments, which requires providing a complete picture of the state's needs for raw materials and production requirements, in addition to considerations of sound planning and decision-making regarding the development and growth of industry and directing investments in it.

The proposed draft law included provisions, the most important of which are:

First: Obligating industrial and craft establishments subject to its provisions to apply for registration in the industrial registry and renew this registration every five years.

Second: Notification of any change in the data related to these facilities and registered in the industrial registry.

Third: Obligating the owner of the establishment or its manager to submit a registration application, a renewal application, or a change of data.

Fourth: The facility shall be provided with a certificate of its registration in the industrial registry, its renewal, or the change of data and this certificate shall be considered one of the documents required for dealing with various entities after one year has passed from the date of publication of its executive regulations.

Fifth: Deleting the establishment's registration from the industrial registry if it becomes no longer subject to the provisions of the law or if it ceases production permanently.

Sixth: The right of the facility owner or its manager to appeal to the Minister of Industry and Mineral Resources against the Minister's decision to remove the facility from the industrial registry.

Seventh: The Ministry of Industry and Mineral Resources shall issue an annual bulletin on the industrial facilities that have been registered, including data related to these facilities.

Eighth: Registration and renewal requests and extracts are subject to fees not exceeding five pounds.

Ninth: Inspecting the facility or reviewing its books and documents to verify the accuracy of the data

contained in the industrial register.

Tenth: The draft law stipulates a penalty for the owner of the facility or the person responsible for its management in the event of violating its provisions, as well as for anyone who writes in correspondence and publications related to the facility what contradicts the data included in the industrial registry, as well as for anyone who refrains from enabling the workers specialized in inspection to perform their duties..

Eleventh: The commitment of every person charged with implementing the law to observe the confidentiality of the data contained in the industrial registry that is not included in the annual bulletin.

The committee was keen to review the draft law presented on two basic matters: taking into account the provision of data related to the industrial and craft establishment on the one hand, and facilitating matters for the establishment's owners and those in charge of its management on the other hand.

On this basis, the Committee amended the wording of some articles of the draft law in line with the aforementioned considerations.

The most important fundamental amendments introduced by the committee to the draft law are as follows:

First: The Committee amended Article 1 of the draft law to ensure that the text includes establishments affiliated with the cooperative sector. It also added the phrase "whose capital is not less than five thousand pounds or the number of its employees is not less than ten workers" to the text of the aforementioned article, specifically the framework of industrial and craft establishments subject to its provisions.

Second: The Committee decided to merge Articles 2 and 4 of the draft law into one article that together includes the obligation of establishments subject to its provisions to submit to the Minister of Industry and Mineral Resources a request for registration in the industrial registry within thirty days of the start of actual production and a request to renew the registration every five years, in order to tighten the wording of the text.

Third: The Committee replaced the phrase "within ninety days from the date of the change" with the phrase "within the current month of March of the occurrence of this change" contained in Article 5 of the government's draft so that the submission of notifications of data changes does not lag behind in a single, short period of time, which may make it difficult for the competent authorities to take the necessary measures with the required accuracy. In addition, increasing the period set for submitting notifications to ninety days instead of one month will provide sufficient opportunity for facility owners or those in charge of their management to submit these notifications in a timely manner.

Fourth: In order to achieve the necessary consistency of the provisions of the draft, the committee decided to merge some provisions of Articles 2, 4, 5 and 6 of the government draft into one article that regulates the obligation of the owner of the facility or its manager to submit a request for registration in the registry or a request for its renewal or a request for a change in data, as well as the obligation of the Ministry of Industry and Mineral Resources to deliver to the facility a certificate of its registration in the industrial registry or its renewal or a change in data within sixty days from the date of submitting the request and completing all documents related to it, and to consider this certificate as one of the documents necessary for dealing with the administrative apparatus of the state, public bodies and the public sector as of the day following the expiration of one year from the date of publication of the executive regulations.

It is understood that considering the certificate stipulated in Article (4) of the project as one of the documents required for dealing with the state's administrative apparatus, public bodies and the public sector only applies to establishments subject to its provisions, not establishments not subject

to these provisions..

The Committee also considered that replacing the phrase “the administrative apparatus of the state, public bodies and the public sector” with the phrase “government agencies and the public sector” contained in Article 6 of the government’s draft law would make the provisions of the aforementioned Article 6 inclusive of local government bodies and public bodies.

Fifth: To provide the necessary guarantees to study the grievance stipulated in Article 7 of the government draft without delay in the procedures and in a manner that ensures that justice reaches the concerned parties easily and smoothly, the committee added the text to present the grievance against the decisions issued in implementation of its provisions within seven days of its submission to a committee that the minister issues a decision to form from one of the undersecretaries of the Ministry of Industry and Mineral Resources as chairman and two employees of the ministry, each of whom is not less than the first level at least, and a representative of the Federation of Industries or a representative of the Central Cooperative Production Union chosen by the head of the union as the case may be, and a deputy from the Fatwa Department of the Ministry of Industry and Mineral Resources at the State Council chosen by the head of this department, provided that the committee’s decision is issued with reasons to decide on the grievance after hearing the grievance’s statements within sixty days from the date of its submission to it, and that the committee’s decision to decide on the grievance is communicated to the Minister of Industry and Mineral Resources within five days of its issuance, and that the committee’s decision is not final until it is approved by the minister, and that the minister’s decision to approve the committee’s decision and its reasons is communicated to the grievant by registered letter with acknowledgment of receipt, and that the executive regulations specify the procedures followed by the committee in considering the grievance.

Sixth: The Committee decided to amend Article 8 of the government’s draft by adding the phrase “of any of them” to the last part of the aforementioned article to avoid any ambiguity or confusion in the application of the text.

Seventh: The Committee decided to amend the text of Article 10 of the government draft so that the employees in charge of implementing its provisions would have the status of judicial police, given that the aforementioned Article 10 stipulated granting the aforementioned employees the right to inspect the facilities subject to its provisions at the facility’s headquarters to verify the accuracy of the data contained in the industrial registry and obligating the facility owner and the person responsible for its management to enable them to do so, in addition to the fact that Article 11 of the government draft stipulated a criminal penalty for violating its provisions.

Eighth: The Committee decided to amend Article 11 of the government’s draft law, limiting the penalty of a fine to the owner of the facility or the person responsible for its management in the event of violating its provisions, while raising the minimum fine from ten pounds to twenty pounds and the maximum from one hundred pounds to two hundred pounds, and doubling the fine in the event of recidivism, instead of the penalty of imprisonment for a period not exceeding one year and a fine of not less than ten pounds and not more than one hundred pounds, or one of these two penalties, on the basis that the penalty of a fine, with raising its minimum and maximum limits and doubling it in the event of recidivism, is sufficient as a deterrent punishment for violating its provisions.

Ninth: The Committee replaced the phrase “ruling” with the phrase “text” in Article 14 of the government’s draft law, to improve the wording.

Then the committee sees the recommendation to take the opinion of the Federation of Industries and the Central Cooperative Production Federation before issuing the executive regulations so that the ministry can fully identify the viewpoints of the parties concerned with industrial and craft activities in their diversity.

The committee also amended the wording of some articles of the draft to be consistent with the amendments it introduced to it, on the one hand, and to achieve clarity and consistency in its provisions, on the other hand.

The Committee believes that the legislator, as amended, is consistent with the objectives sought by the project and at the same time achieves the acquisition of the required data in a manner that facilitates the industrial and craft establishments subject to its provisions to submit the required data, renew it, and notify the change of the establishment's data without difficulty.

The Committee, while being honored to submit its report to the esteemed Council, hopes to approve the draft law, amended in the form approved by the Committee.

Acting Chairman of the Industry and Mobility Committee

Mohamed Kamal Saqr

Explanatory Memorandum

Regarding Draft Law No. 24 of 1977

The world has realized the importance of the availability of accurate and realistic data and information at any time, and the studies based on them, which benefit those working in planning in making sound decisions that serve society in all areas of life.

Hence, the trend was towards adopting scientific and technological methods to organize, provide and store information in their own information banks.

In Egypt, despite the multiplicity of government agencies dealing with data related to industry, each unit approaches it from the perspective that serves its purposes and does not provide - even in its entirety - the comprehensive picture that can be relied upon in sound planning for development capable of advancing the country's economy and raising the standard of living for individuals.

We are now facing national, Arab and foreign investments and are in dire need of directing and guiding these investments in the right direction by providing them with the accurate information they need to achieve the greatest return from them. Accordingly, obtaining a true picture of the position of the industry at any time is an urgent necessity. There is no way to do this, given the current situation of placing this data, except by issuing a law for the industrial registry - requiring owners of industrial establishments to register their activities and provide data related to them, which is the practice in all countries of the world. Thus, information banks can be developed to serve those working in planning and those responsible for making decisions regarding the development of the industry, its growth and directing investments in it.

This is in addition to the services that this registry will provide to the owners of existing industrial facilities themselves, with the raw materials, production requirements, and others provided by the state, as a result of the clear image reflected by the industrial registry data.

Whereas what was stipulated in Law No. 21 of 1958 regarding the organization and encouragement of industry regarding the industrial registry - was limited to registering industrial establishments existing at the time of issuance of the aforementioned law - which granted them only three months for registration and that it did not refer to following up on the registration of new establishments or any changes that occur in the data of establishments that were registered, therefore what was stated about the industrial registry in the aforementioned law no longer achieves the desired goal, which is to create a realistic organization for industrial data and information in Egypt.

Therefore, the Ministry prepared the attached draft law, taking into account flexibility, simplification and accuracy in its preparation, in order to achieve the desired goal of establishing the industrial registry.

The Minister of Industry and Mineral Resources has the honor to present the attached draft law in the legal form approved by the Legislation Department of the State Council in its session held on 23/3/1976 and accompanying his letter No. 298 dated 29/3/1976.

Please approve it and proceed with the issuance procedures.

Ministerial Resolution No. 186 of 1978

on the executive regulations of Law No. 24 of 1977

Regarding the industrial registry

Minister of Industry, Petroleum and Mining

After reviewing Law No. 24 of 1977 regarding the industrial registry;

Based on what the State Council has deemed;

Decided:

Chapter One

Industrial registry organization

Article 1-Applications related to the industrial registry stipulated in Law No. 24 of 1977 referred to shall be submitted to the competent administrative body at the Ministry of Industry, which shall be determined by a decision issued by the Minister of Industry and Mining, in accordance with the procedures and conditions stipulated in these regulations.

Article 2-The industrial registry stipulated in the previous article is divided qualitatively according to the industrial and craft sectors in the Arab Republic of Egypt, which are:

Mining - Chemical - Engineering - Metal - Food - Spinning and Weaving...etc. Each sector is divided into four parts according to the type of ownership into:

General - Cooperative - Private - Shared.

Article 3- The facilities listed in the table attached to Ministerial Resolution No. 153 issued on 20/3/1978 are subject to the provisions of Law No. 24 of 1977 referred to above if one of the following two conditions is met:

(a) If the number of workers in the establishment is ten or more, and any employer is included among the workers if he specializes in any of the establishment's activities.

(b) If the establishment's capital is five thousand pounds or more, provided that the aforementioned capital is calculated from the total fixed capital (the value of machinery and equipment, including transportation and installation expenses, the value of land and buildings or their rent for a period of ten years, and general expenses for furnishing and establishment) in addition to the working capital for a period of 3 months of operation (raw materials, workers' wages, and general expenses).

Article 4-Each facility to which the provisions of Law No. 24 of 1977 apply shall have a special page in the industrial registry in the form of a table containing several columns sufficient to record all the data contained in the forms referred to in Article 5 of these regulations. All pages of the aforementioned registry shall be numbered with special serial numbers and stamped with the official seal of the Ministry. The data shall be written in blue ink and each amendment shall be written in red ink in the same column in clear handwriting. The competent employee shall sign after the registration, amendment, renewal or deletion is complete, in the margin in the margin of the newspaper.

Chapter Two

Registration, amendment and renewal

Article 5- Applications for registration, renewal and amendment in the industrial registry stipulated in Articles 2 and 3 of Law No. 24 of 1977 - referred to - as well as the system stipulated in Article 6 of this law, and requests for extracts specified in the aforementioned law, attaching the fees and documents specified in these regulations, shall be submitted within the deadlines stipulated in the aforementioned law.

Article 6- The requests referred to in the previous article shall be written on the forms prepared for this purpose in Arabic and in clear handwriting without abbreviation, alteration, erasure or scratching, and the person concerned shall sign the addition or correction in the margin.

Article 7- The applications referred to in Article Five of these regulations shall be submitted to the competent administrative authority by registered letter with acknowledgment of receipt or by hand against a receipt indicating the name of the recipient, his signature, the date of receipt, and the documents attached to the application. The application shall not be considered accepted unless it meets the documents, fees, and data.

Article 8- The application for registration in the aforementioned register shall be made within six months from the date of publication of these regulations for establishments in production at the time of publication of the aforementioned regulations, and within thirty days from the start of actual production for establishments established after the implementation of the law.

The registration application shall be made on the attached Form (1 S C), including the following main data:

- (1) Establishment name, its trade name, its address, and the address of its administrative center.
- (2) Establishment's owner name or its manager responsible for its management and its legal entity.
- (3) Establishment's capital, labor, wages, and subsidies.
- (4) The products, services and fees provided by the facility.
- (5) The raw materials required for it, the driving forces, the number of annual working days and the number of shifts per working day.

Article 9- The following documents must be attached to the application referred to in the previous article:

- (a) A copy of the operating license or the company establishment decision for public business sector companies.
- (b) A copy of the social insurance certificate.
- (c) A copy of the commercial register.

The following documents must be attached to the application if there are special laws that require the establishment to obtain them:

- (a) A copy of the industry approval.
- (b) A copy of the approval of the General Investment Authority.
- (c) A certificate of membership in the industrial chambers.

Article 10- The request to amend the data of the aforementioned record or some of it shall be made on the attached form (2 S C) with respect to the data that has a fundamental impact on the facility's production capacity or changes its legal status, which are:

- (a) Changing the name of the establishment, its owner or its responsible manager.
- (b) Increasing capital for increasing production.
- (c) Any other annual changes that affect production.

The aforementioned application must be submitted within ninety days of the occurrence of the change, accompanied by documents proving the occurrence of the change, especially the documents specified in the previous article.

Article 11- The application for renewal of registration in the industrial registry shall be on the attached form (3 S C) and in the manner detailed in the aforementioned form, with the documents indicating the occurrence of a change in the original registration data attached, if any, within the limits of the documents mentioned in Article Nine of these regulations and the documents that the interested party deems necessary to submit.

Article 12-Registration, renewal and amendment requests vary, as do industrial registry certificates, depending on the number of industrial and craft establishments affiliated with one company or one management center, in the event that the location of each one of them differs from the other, and provided that one of the two conditions stipulated in Article Three of these regulations is met for each of these units.

Article 13-The competent administrative authority shall review the applications specified in Article Five of these regulations, as well as the documents attached thereto, to ensure that they conform to the application, meet the conditions, and fulfill the legal procedures before carrying out the registration, amendment, or renewal. It may, in this regard, contact the person concerned and the competent authorities.

Article 14-The registration, amendment or renewal in the aforementioned industrial register shall be made within sixty days from the date of completion of the procedures set forth in the previous article, and the interested party shall be notified of this in accordance with the following article.

Article 15-The establishment owner shall be granted a registration certificate in accordance with the provisions of the second paragraph of Article 4 of Law No. 24 of 1977 referred to in the attached Form (4 SS). He shall also be notified of the amendment procedures on the attached Form (5 SC) and the renewal procedures on the attached Form (6 SS). This shall be done by registered letter with acknowledgment of receipt or by hand delivery to the concerned party after he signs the receipt..

Article 16-The industrial registration certificate mentioned in the previous article includes the data mentioned in Article 27 of these regulations.

Chapter Three

Cancellation and grievance

Article 17-The establishment shall be removed from the industrial register if it loses the two conditions stipulated in Article Three of these regulations, or if one of the documents that it is legally obligated to possess and mentioned in Article Nine of the aforementioned regulations is cancelled, or if it stops production permanently. Stopping production for a full, continuous year shall be considered evidence of the final cessation unless proven otherwise by evidence acceptable to the competent administrative authority.

Article 18- The cancellation stipulated in the previous article shall be made by a reasoned decision issued by the Minister of Industry, Petroleum and Mining based on a report submitted by the competent administrative authority, including the reasons on which it relies in requesting the cancellation and whether it is based on investigations by specialists or based on a request from the interested party.

Article 19-The person concerned shall be notified of the content of the cancellation decision on Form (7 SC) by registered letter with acknowledgment of receipt to the facility's address..

Article 20- The person concerned shall submit the grievance stipulated in Article Seven of Law No. 24/1977 referred to in the same manner specified in Article Six of these regulations, provided that the documents supporting the content of the grievance are attached thereto and after paying the fee specified in the regulations, within thirty days from the date of notification specified in the previous article.

Article 21-The competent administrative authority shall submit its report on the grievance to the committee formed in accordance with the provisions of the aforementioned law, including a summary of the facts, the content of the decision being appealed against, its reasons, the grievance and its grounds, and the opinion of the aforementioned competent administrative authority and its grounds, within the period specified in Article Six of the aforementioned law..

Article 22-The meeting of the committee referred to in the previous article shall not be considered valid unless all of its members are present. Its decisions shall be issued by a majority of votes after hearing the statements of the person concerned. The committee may seek the assistance of any expert it deems appropriate to hear his statements before deciding on the matter, on the basis that he shall not have a counted vote when voting.

Article 23-The aforementioned committee shall have a chairman and a secretary, each of whom shall have the powers set forth in the following articles, provided that the secretary shall not have a vote when voting.

Article 24-The Chairman of the aforementioned Grievance Committee shall have the following powers, if the deadlines and procedures stipulated in the aforementioned law are taken into account:

- (1) He shall determine the dates for the committee's meetings.
- (2) He shall submit the committee's decisions to the Minister of Industry, Petroleum and Mining to take whatever action he deems appropriate in implementation of the provisions of Law No. 24/1977.
- (3) He shall notify the parties concerned and the competent authorities of the outcome of the grievance.

Article 25-The Secretary of the aforementioned Grievance Committee shall be responsible for the following duties, taking into account the deadlines and procedures stipulated in the aforementioned law:

- (1) Implement the directives of the Chairman of the Committee.

- (2) Prepare notifications to the members of the Committee on Form (8 SC) and to the stakeholders on Form (9 SC) and send them after their approval by the Chairman of the Committee by registered letters with acknowledgment of receipt at least two weeks before the Committee convenes.
- (3) Prepare the Committee's agenda and the necessary reports and fulfill what the Committee requests.
- (4) He shall record the minutes of the Committee's sessions and decisions and sign them before the Chairman and members sign in a special register prepared for this purpose, numbered and with the pages stamped with the official state seal.

Chapter Four

Fees

Article 26- The following fee, shown next to each application, shall be collected upon sending or submitting it by government postal order to the competent administrative authority:

	L.E.	Millieme.
When requesting registration.	5	-
When requesting modification.	2	-
When requesting renewal.	5	-
When requesting a grievance.	5	-
When requesting a copy of a lost or extracted document.	3	-

These fees, or some of them, may not be refunded under any circumstances.

Chapter Five

General provisions

Article 27- The competent administrative authority shall prepare the annual bulletin stipulated in Law No. 24 of 1977, including the establishment that has been registered, its registration renewed, or its cancellation, in the manner it deems appropriate to achieve its objective, if the aforementioned bulletin includes the following data and nothing else:

- (1) Establishment name, its trade name, its address and the address of its administrative center.
- (2) Establishment's owner name or its manager responsible for its management.
- (3) Registration number in the industrial registry.
- (4) Establishment products.
- (5) The establishments that were written off during the year.

Article 28- The employees of the competent administrative authority who have the capacity of judicial police shall record any violations of the provisions of this law committed by the owners of the establishments on Form (10 SS) in application of Article 9 of this law.

Article 29- The competent administrative authority may seek assistance from one of the entities that use computers in order to classify and save data related to the industrial registry and as a basis for preparing an industrial information bank to obtain the industrial extracts necessary for industrial planning and investment work.

Article 30- The competent administrative authority may also seek assistance from the agencies affiliated with the Ministry of Industry, Petroleum and Mining, such as the Federation of Industries

and other agencies, to collect and review requests from a formal standpoint only, to facilitate matters for the concerned parties.

Article 31- This decision shall be published in the Egyptian Gazette and shall be effective from the date of its publication.

Written on 21 Rabi' al-Akhir 1398 (30 March 1978)

Engineer / Ahmed Ezz El-Din Hilal

Ministerial Resolution No. 153 of 1978

regarding the identification of the types of industries subject to the provisions of Law No. 24 of 1977 on the Industrial Register

Minister of Industry, Petroleum and Mining

After reviewing Law No. 24 of 1977 regarding the industrial registry, and based on what the State Council has seen:

Decided:

Article 1:

The provisions of Law No. 24 of 1977 referred to shall apply to Industrial establishments, and craft production companies that operate in the types of industries and activities specified in the attached table.

Article 2:

This is published The decision is in the Egyptian Gazette, and is effective from the date of its publication.

Issued on 11 Rabi' al-Akhir 1398 (20 March 1978).

Engineer / Ahmed Ezz El-Din Hilal

Industry of Spinning and weaving

- Cotton ginning and pressing.
- Spinning threads, dubbing and ropes from plant, animal and synthetic fibres.
- Weaving threads resulting from the spinning industry, including weaving synthetic threads, artificial silk and nylon.
- Products of hook and knot work and fishing nets of all kinds, whether from natural or synthetic fibres.
- Bleaching, dyeing, printing and finishing of filaments, fibres, threads, textiles and hook and knot work products.
- Felt, carpets, kilims, hand and mechanical rugs.
- Sewing threads and embroidery threads.
- Unwinding silkworm cocoons.
- Grooming linen and tulle.

- Clothing and other fabric products.
- Production of synthetic fibres.

Industries Food

- Dairy and its products and creamy ice cream.
- Soft drinks.
- Beer.
- Dry and fresh yeast.
- Industrial fermentations and amber drinks.
- Sugar and its products.
- Black honey - Alcohol - Carbon dioxide - Acetic acid - Paper pulp - Particleboard.
- Starch and glucose.
- Pasta.
- Ice and cold storage.
- Automated slaughterhouses.
- Food preservation.
- Packaging- Freezing - Drying - Evaporation.
- Baby food.
- Edible oils, soap and their derivatives.
- Dry sweets, chocolate, pastry sweets and biscuits.
- Tobacco and cigarettes.
- Aromatic oils and pastes, medical extracts, cosmetics, perfumes and scents.
- Milling and grain silos.
- Animal, poultry and fish feed.
- Rice milling and bleaching.
- Bakeries.
- Poultry and fish farms.
- Bran and its products. - Pesticides, household and agricultural.
- Industrial household cleaners and home care products.

Industries Mining

- Coal extraction.
- Iron ore extraction.
- Stone, clay and sand extraction.
- Chemical compounds and natural fertilizers extraction.
- Table salt and industrial salt extraction.
- Extractive industries from seas and rivers (shells, sponges, coral and the like). - Extraction of precious metals and gemstones.
- Extraction of other quantities of minerals and quarries.
- Foundry sand and glass.
- Bentonite.
- Manganese.
- Gypsum.
- Talc - Barite - Chromium - Copper - Lead - Zinc.
- Black sand and ilmenite.
- Rare minerals (tantalum and niobium).
- Raw atomic materials (uranium - thorium oxide, etc.)
- Extraction of other non-ferrous metal ores.

Industries Basic Mineral

- Basic iron and steel.
- Basic non-ferrous metals (except precious metals) from raw or scrap and their refining and conversion into various alloys by drawing, rolling, hammering or drawing.
- Metal containers except tin.
- Reinforcing steel.
- Metal forming (casting - drawing - rolling - forging)

Building materials and thermals

- Wood products except furniture (doors, floors, windows, barrels), cork products, wooden containers made of bamboo and palm fronds.
- Furniture made of natural or artificial wood and non-metallic fixtures including restaurant, shop and office furniture.
- Red bricks, sand, clay, tiles of all kinds and pottery.
- Porcelain, ceramics and pottery.
- Millstone, gypsum, lime, bleaching materials and plaster.
- Marble industry and its products.
- Insulating materials and cork.
- Cement and its products.
- Bricks and thermal blocks used in lining and building ovens of all kinds.
- Glass and glass products including the manufacture of glass of all kinds for various purposes such as flat, neutral and heat-resistant glass and various glass products.

Industries Chemical

- Coal distillation and production of its derivatives.
- Basic chemicals including the manufacture of acids, alkalis and their derivatives.
- Fertilizers including chemical and organic fertilizers and fertilizer mixing.
- Medicines, medical supplies, drugs and disinfectants.
- Glycerin and the manufacture of paints, varnishes, lacquers, colors, inks and candles. - Paper of all kinds and the manufacture of cellulose pulp including covering, polishing, preparing and shaping paper, printing, binding and publishing.
- Leather and rubber and tanning, dyeing and preparing leather and fur including products thereof and rubber products such as tires, belts, inner tubes and leather products and their substitutes and the manufacture of shoes.
- Plastics and their formation and the manufacture of films and their development and printing. - Synthetic resins and plastic raw materials.
- Manufacturing of plastic products.
- Particleboard from trees and agricultural waste.
- Other chemicals such as the manufacture of matches and dyeing materials and Industrial gases, glue, gelatin, charcoal, sandpaper, fireworks, firecrackers, electrical chemical industries, as well as grinding and mixing chemical materials.

Industries Engineering, Electrical and Power

- Nails of various types.
- Wire drawing (if nail manufacturing is part of the project).
- Wire products (pins, clips, hairpins).
- Expanded mesh.
- Woven wire.
- Fastening tools (nails and welding rods).
- Tin containers and printing on tin.
- Furniture and metal fixtures.
- Sanitary ware (bathtubs, faucets, sanitary cast iron pipes), and that is if it is plumbing and finishing.
- Household electrical appliances, tools and supplies (refrigerators, washing machines, radio, television, communication equipment, electric bulbs, electric valves).
- Stoves .
- Household utensils and tools (aluminum, copper, plated sheet metal, cooking and tableware).
- Construction metal products (bridges, trusses - belts - spare parts and transporting materials).
- Electrical cables of all kinds.
- Razor blades.
- Buckets, pestles and sheet metal barrels.
- Aluminum and iron crystal.
- Clothes zippers and buttons.
- Steam boilers and pressure vessels.
- Marine vessels (tankers and goods) and their repair.
- River vessels (barges and river transport means).
- Industrial machines of all types and their parts such as spinning, printing and packaging machines.
- Industrial machines General and its parts such as pumps, compressors, ovens, cranes, elevators and transportation equipment within factories.
- Office supplies.
- Eyeglasses and optical goods.
- Scientific devices and control and measurement equipment (photocopiers and the like).
- Precision industries (watches and others) .
- Sewing machines.
- Automobile feeder industries (brake pads, clutch pads, spark plugs and springs) - Motors and turbines.
- Buses, Lorries, trailers and car bodies.
- Yabat
- Passenger cars.
- Goods and passenger cars.
- Tractors, agricultural machinery and equipment.
- Workshop machines (lathes, drills, stamps, special equipment and cutting tools).
- Motorcycles and bicycles.
- Pumps.
- Wood products (doors, covered windows, parquet wood, barrels.
- Sawing and drying wood and manufacturing plywood and wood veneer.
- Grinding stones.
- Industrial electrical machines and devices and metalworking machines.
- Railway transportation equipment.

- Aircraft and civil air transport thereof.
- Jewelry and similar items and goldsmithing works and Coins.
- Musical instruments.
- Sports equipment.
- Power generation machines except electrical (gas - steam - water - steam turbines).
- Production and manufacturing of electricity for lighting and power.
- Water operations.
- Mining, construction and road machines.
- Typewriters and calculators.
- Medical and surgical instruments.
- Building supplies (locks, drums and hinges).
- Dry and liquid batteries. - Heaters and stove heaters.
- Khan El Khalili industries of metal and wood working, tourism and leather industries.
- Other engineering transformation industries.

Industries Petroleum

- Extraction of crude oil and natural gases.
- Petroleum refineries and their products.
- Petrochemical production.
- Fuel oil carbonization.
- Gas filling.

Ministry of Industry and Mineral Resources

Ministerial Resolution No. 775 of 1983

Minister of Industry and Mineral Resources

After reviewing Law No. 24 of 1977 regarding the industrial registry;
And Ministerial Resolution No. 153 of 1978 regarding the types of industries subject to the provisions of Law No. 24 of 1977 regarding the industrial registry and the attached table;
And on the memorandum of the Vice President of the General Authority for Industrialization dated 9/1/1983 regarding the reclassification of industries subject to the Industrial Registry Law;
Based on what the State Council has deemed;

Decided

(Article 1)

The table attached to Ministerial Resolution No. 153 of 1978 shall be replaced by the table prepared in accordance with the unified Arab classification of economic activity issued by the Central Agency for Public Mobilization and Statistics with regard to extractive industries, Section (2) and manufacturing industries, Section (3), and any amendment thereto in the future..

(Article 2)

This decision shall be published in the Egyptian Gazette and shall be effective from the date of its publication.

Issued on 22 Safar 1404 (27 November 1983))

Section (21) Coal Extraction	
Activity	Activity code
<u>Coal extraction</u>	
Coal mining	01 - 2100
Coal processing and preparation.	02 - 2100
Other coal mining activities.	99 - 2100
Section (22) Production of crude oil and natural gas	
<u>Production of crude oil and natural gas:</u>	
Extraction of crude oil and natural gas.	01 - 2200
Other activities for the production of crude oil and natural gas.	99 - 2200
Section (23) Extraction of mineral ores	
<u>Iron ore extraction:</u>	
Iron ore extraction.	01 - 2301
Preparing iron ore for use.	02 - 2301
Other iron ore mining activities.	99 - 23010

Extraction of non-ferrous metal ores:

Manganese extraction.	01 - 2302
Copper ore extraction.	02 - 2302
Lead ore extraction.	03 - 2302
Extraction of aluminum ore.	04 - 2302
Extraction of zinc ore.	05 - 2302
Tin ore extraction.	06 - 2302
Chrome ore extraction.	07 - 2302
Nickel ore extraction.	08 - 2302
Tungsten ore extraction.	09 - 2302
Titanium extraction.	10 - 2302
Gold ore extraction.	11 - 2302
Extraction of mercury ore.	12 - 2302
Extraction of silver ore.	13 - 2302
Extraction of radioactive materials.	14 - 2302
Black sand extraction.	15 - 2302
Other activities for the extraction of non-ferrous metal ores.	99 - 2302

Section (29) Exploitation of other mines and quarries**Extraction of stones, clay and sand:**

Basalt extraction.	01 - 2901
Granite extraction.	02 - 2901
Marble extraction.	03 - 2901
Sandstone extraction.	04 - 2901
Limestone extraction.	05 - 2901
Dolomite extraction.	06 - 2901
Extract the child.	07 - 2901
Kaolin pottery extraction "Aswani Clay"	08 - 2901
White kaolin extraction.	09 - 2901
Thermal clay extraction.	10 - 2901
Diatomaceous earth extraction.	11 - 2901
Magnesite extraction.	12 - 2901
Sand extraction.	13 - 2901
Gravel and gravel extraction.	14 - 2901
Other activities for the extraction of stones, clay and sand.	99 - 2901

Extraction of chemical compounds and natural fertilizers:

Phosphate extraction.	01 - 2902
Sulfur extraction.	02 - 2902

Nitrate extraction.	03 - 2902
Extracting alum.	04 - 2902
Barite extraction.	05 - 2902
Extraction of natural fertilizers.	06 - 2902
Fluorspar extraction.	07 - 2902
Extraction of the valley of coloring.	08 - 2902
Extraction of pyrite and pyrrhotite.	09 - 2902
Extraction of sodium compounds other than table salt.	10 - 2902
Other activities for the extraction of chemical compounds.	99 - 2902
<u>Table salt extraction:</u>	
Extracting salt from salt marshes.	01 - 2903
Rock salt extraction.	02 - 2903
<u>Exploitation of other mines and quarries not classified elsewhere:</u>	
Gypsum extraction.	01 - 2909
Mica extraction.	02 - 2909
Asbestos extraction.	03 - 2909
Extracting the shot.	04 - 2909
Extraction of precious and ornamental stones.	05 - 2909
Graphite extraction.	06 - 2909
Extraction of grinding materials and millstones.	07 - 2909
Extract the quarter.	08 - 2909
Alabaster extraction.	09 - 2909
Other activities for the exploitation of other mines and quarries.	99 - 2909
Section (31) Food, Beverage and Tobacco Industry	
<u>Slaughtering, preparing and preserving animal and poultry meat:</u>	
Slaughtering animals and preparing their meat in slaughterhouses and abattoirs.	01 - 3111
Slaughtering, preparing and freezing poultry.	01 - 3111
Cooling and freezing meat.	03 - 3111
Meat canning.	04 - 3111
Meat products industry - except for pastrami (sausage - luncheon meat - mortadella, etc.).	05 - 3111
Pastrami making.	06 - 3111
Production of meat and poultry extracts, soup powder, soup.	07 - 3111
Other activities for slaughtering, preparing and preserving animal and poultry meat.	99 - 3111
<u>Dairy industry and its products:</u>	
Dairy milk.	01 - 3112
Milk packaging.	02 - 3112

Dried milk industry.	03 - 3112
Condensed milk industry.	04 - 3112
Natural butter making.	05 - 3112
Natural ghee industry.	06 - 3112
White cheese making.	07 - 3112
Dry cheese making.	08 - 3112
Processed cheese making.	09 - 3112
Yogurt making.	10 - 3112
Ice cream and gelato making.	11 - 3112
Other activities related to the dairy industry and its products.	99 - 3112
<u>Canning and preserving fruits, vegetables and legumes</u>	
Canning and packaging of fruits and their juice.	01 - 3113
Canning and packaging of vegetables, legumes and their juice.	02 - 3113
Tomato sauce making.	03 - 3113
Drying grapes (raisins).	04 - 3113
Drying dates and making Ajwa.	05 - 3113
Dry onions, garlic and other vegetables.	06 - 3113
Freezing fruits and vegetables.	07 - 3113
Jam, marmalade and jelly making.	08 - 3113
Pickles and pickles industry.	09 - 3113
Other activities for canning and preserving fruits and vegetables.	99 - 3113
<u>Canning, preserving and preparing fish, shellfish and similar foods:</u>	
Canning of fish, shrimp, capers and their marinades.	01 - 3114
Freezing fish.	02 - 3114
Freezing shrimp.	03 - 3114
Freezing fish.	04 - 3114
Smoking fish.	05 - 3114
Salting fish (feseekh, sardines, etc.).	06 - 3114
Vessels specialized only in the manufacture and processing of fish and seafood.	07 - 3114
Other activities for canning, preserving and processing fish.	99 - 3114
<u>Manufacture of vegetable and animal oils and fats:</u>	
Cottonseed oil production.	01 - 3115
Cottonseed oil production and refining.	02 - 3115
Production and refining of olive oil.	03 - 3115
Production and refining of other vegetable oils.	04 - 3115
Hydrogenation of oils and fats.	05 - 3115
Butter making industry.	06 - 3115

Industrial candy industry.	07 - 3115
Other activities for the manufacture of vegetable and animal oils and fats.	99 - 3115
<u>Grinding grains and preparing food grains:</u>	
Grinding grains.	01 - 3116
Rice milling, whitening and polishing.	02 - 3116
Shower of grains, legumes and cereals.	03 - 3116
Mix and prepare the flour.	04 - 3116
Production and preparation of dry foods from cereals such as cocoa butter.	05 - 3116
Peeling peanuts.	06 - 3116
Other activities for grinding grains.	99 - 3116
<u>Bakery products industry</u>	
Local bread making.	01 - 3117
French bread making.	02 - 3117
The pastry industry includes gateau and cakes of all kinds.	03 - 3117
Biscuit making of all kinds.	04 - 3117
Raw Kunafa and Qatayef making.	05 - 3117
Raw filo pastry and phyllo dough making.	06 - 3117
Manufacture of pasta, noodles and the like.	07 - 3117
Other activities related to the manufacture and financing of bakery products.	99 - 3117
<u>Sugar industry and refining:</u>	
Raw sugar production from sugar cane.	01 - 3118
Refining raw sugar.	02 - 3118
Other sugar manufacturing and refining activities.	99 - 3118
<u>Cocoa, chocolate and sugar confectionery industry:</u>	
Cocoa powder manufacturing.	01 - 3119
Chocolate making.	02 - 3119
Sugar confectionery industry (chickpeas, sesame, toffee, darwees, fondant, etc.)	03 - 3119
Manufacture of candied and stuffed fruits.	04 - 3119
The intoxicating transport industry.	05 - 3119
Other activities related to the manufacture of cocoa, chocolate and sweets.	99 - 3119
<u>Foodstuffs industry not elsewhere classified:</u>	
Starch and glucose industry.	01 - 3121
Good industry.	02 - 3121
Vinegar making.	03 - 3121
Halva making.	04 - 3121
Refining table salt.	05 - 3121
Ice making.	06 - 3121

Mixing and blending tea.	07 - 3121
Roasting and grinding coffee.	08 - 3121
Grinding food materials other than coffee (salt, sugar, rice, spices, etc.).	09 - 3121
Flavour and aroma industries for food products.	10 - 3121
Roasting and salting of nuts, peanuts, etc.	11 - 3121
Pound the bait.	12 - 3121
Manufacture of black honey, sugar and jallab.	13 - 3121
Other activities related to the manufacture of food products not classified elsewhere.	99 - 3121
<u>Animal feed and food industry:</u>	
Animal feed and food industry.	00 - 3122
<u>Distillation, purification and blending of spirits:</u>	
Ethyl alcohol distillation.	01 - 3131
Distillation and blending of alcoholic beverages.	02 - 3131
<u>Wine making:</u>	
Wine making.	00 - 3132
<u>Beer and malt industry:</u>	
Malt industry.	01 - 3133
Beer making.	02 - 3133
<u>Non-alcoholic beverage and carbonated water industry:</u>	
Soft drink industry.	01 - 3134
Other activities for the manufacture of non-alcoholic beverages and carbonated water.	99 - 3134
<u>Tobacco products industry:</u>	
Cigarette manufacturing.	01 - 3140
Cigar making.	02 - 3140
Tobacco industry.	02 - 3140
Other activities of tobacco products manufacturing.	99 - 3140

Section (32) Spinning, weaving, clothing and leather industry	
<u>Spinning, weaving, dyeing and finishing:</u>	
Cotton spinning.	01 - 3211
Cotton fabric.	02 - 3211
Cotton spinning and weaving.	03 - 3211
Spinning and weaving mice.	04 - 3211
Natural and artificial silk and nylon fabric.	05 - 3211
Wool tops manufacturing.	06 - 3211
Wool spinning.	07 - 3211

Wool fabric.	08 - 3211
Wool spinning and weaving	09 - 3211
Linen spinning and weaving.	10 - 3211
Jute spinning and weaving.	11 - 3211
Spinning and weaving other plant fibres such as sisal, hemp and kenaf.	12 - 3211
Blankets industry.	13 - 3211
Making ribbons, braids and knots.	14 - 3211
Recycling of all types of yarn (except for the manufacture of dubara).	15 - 3211
Sewing thread industry.	16 - 3211
Dyeing, printing and finishing of yarns and textiles.	17 - 3211
Other activities of the spinning, weaving, dyeing and finishing industry.	19 - 3211
<u>Manufacture of textile products other than clothing:</u>	
Home furnishings manufacturing by cutting and detailing such as: (curtains, linens, sheets, pillowcases, bedspreads, etc.).	01 - 3212
Manufacture of napkins and tablecloths by cutting and detailing.	02 - 3212
Making bags from cloth by cutting and detailing.	03 - 3212
Making bags from cloth by cutting and detailing.	04 - 3212
Tent making.	05 - 3212
Banner and flag manufacturing.	06 - 3212
Embroidery industry.	07 - 3212
Other activities related to the manufacture of products made of fabrics other than clothing.	99 - 3212
<u>Knitting and crocheting industry:</u>	
Socks industry.	01 - 3213
Manufacture of underwear made of threads.	02 - 3213
Manufacture of outerwear from yarns.	03 - 3213
Manufacture of shawls and turban.	04 - 3213
Knitted fabrics and crocheting.	05 - 3213
Lace and perforated fabric industry.	06 - 3213
Manufacture and processing of knitted and crocheted products.	07 - 3213
Other activities of knitting and crocheting.	99 - 3213
<u>Carpet and kilim industry and related industries:</u>	
Carpet industry.	01 - 3214
Kilim industry.	02 - 3214
Sisal walkers and pedals manufacturing.	03 - 3213
Kilim making from fabric scraps.	04 - 3214
Other activities for the manufacture of carpets, kilims and the like.	99 - 3214
<u>Rope, twine and net making:</u>	

Rope and twine making.	01 - 3215
Net making.	02 - 3215
Other activities for the manufacture of ropes, twines and nets.	99 - 3215
<u>Cotton ginning and pressing:</u>	
Scoop.	01 - 3216
Cotton pressing "Bukharia".	02 - 3216
<u>Drying and fiber separation:</u>	
Drying and fiber separation.	00 - 3217
<u>Mat making:</u>	
Making mats from sand.	01 - 3218
Bag making and forest dam.	02 - 3218
Other activities of the mat industry.	99 - 3218
<u>Textile industries not elsewhere classified:</u>	
Manufacture of tarpaulins and reinforced floor coverings (other than those of rubber and cork).	01 - 3219
Manufacture of artificial leather (except that made entirely of plastic).	02 - 3219
Felt industry.	02 - 3219
Industry of processing spinning and weaving waste and extracting fibres from textile waste.	04 - 3219
Crane industry.	05 - 3219
Other activities of the textile industry not described elsewhere.	99 - 3219
<u>Manufacture of ready-made clothing except footwear:</u>	
Manufacture of shirts and pajamas.	01 - 3221
Manufacture of men's and boys' trousers.	02 - 3221
Suit making.	03 - 3221
Other outerwear for men and boys.	04 - 3221
Manufacture of underwear for men and boys.	05 - 3221
Manufacture of outerwear for women and girls.	06 - 3221
Manufacture of underwear for women and girls.	07 - 3221
Children's outerwear industry.	08 - 3221
Children's underwear industry.	09 - 3221
Manufacture of hats, hat frames and headgear, except knitted.	10 - 3221
Sportswear industry.	11 - 3221
Swimwear industry.	12 - 3221
Costume making.	13 - 3221
Manufacture of clothing and various fur accessories.	14 - 3221
Manufacture of gloves, except for those with spikes.	15 - 3221
Manufacture of suspenders, garters and the like.	16 - 3221

Manufacture of raincoats and waterproof outerwear.	17 - 3221
Manufacture of leather garments and garments lined with sheepskin.	18 - 3221
Clothing belt industry.	19 - 3221
Material industry.	20 - 3221
Other activities related to the manufacture of ready-made clothing, except footwear.	99 - 3221
<u>Clothing detailing and sewing:</u>	
Tailoring and sewing of men's and boys' suits. "Men's tailor".	01 - 3222
Tailoring and sewing outerwear for women and girls (Ladies' Tailor).	02 - 3222
Shirts and pajamas (shirts).	03 - 3222
Tailoring and sewing of traditional clothes "Arab tailor".	04 - 3222
Other activities for tailoring and sewing clothes.	99 - 3222
<u>Leather tanning and finishing:</u>	
Tanning and finishing of leather.	00 - 3231
<u>Fur preparation and dyeing:</u>	
Tanning, dressing and dyeing of fur.	01 - 3232
Manufacture of fur and fur-skin products (except clothing and footwear)	02 - 3232
Other fur preparation and dyeing activities.	99 - 3232
<u>Manufacture of leather products and substitutes (except footwear and clothing):</u>	
Manufacture of bags from leather and its substitutes, except for women's handbags.	01 - 3233
Leather handbags for women and alternatives.	02 - 3233
Manufacture of wallets and bags from leather and alternatives.	03 - 3233
Leather saddlery and accessories industry.	05 - 3233
Leather belt industry.	06 - 3233
Khan El Khalili leather products industry.	03 - 3233
Watch leather industry.	07 - 3233
Other activities related to the manufacture of leather products and their substitutes, except for shoes and clothing.	99 - 3233
<u>Manufacture of shoes not made of rubber, plastic or wood.</u>	
Leather shoe industry.	01 - 3240
Manufacture of leather slippers and sandals.	02 - 3240
Manufacture of leather bags and saddles.	03 - 3240
Manufacture of other leather footwear such as slippers.	04 - 3240
Making the shoe upper from fondue.	05 - 3240
Manufacture of footwear from materials other than leather, except rubber, plastic and wood.	06 - 3240
Other activities related to the manufacture of footwear other than those made of rubber, plastic or wood.	99 - 3240

Section (33) Manufacture of wood and wood products, including furniture.

Woodworking and manufacturing:

Sawing wood for the production of blocks, beams and panels.	01 - 3311
Sawing, surveying, turning and cutting wood "trade workshops".	02 - 3311
Plywood, veneer and panel manufacturing.	03 - 3311
Particle board and wood chipboard industry.	04 - 3311
Wood flooring industry.	05 - 3311
Manufacture of wooden doors and windows.	06 - 3311
Manufacture of wooden houses and their parts.	07 - 3311
Wooden spinning and weaving equipment manufacturing.	08 - 3311
Other woodworking and processing activities.	99 - 3311

Manufacture of wooden vessels, bowls and small goods from bamboo, palm fronds and the like

Wooden barrel manufacturing.	01 - 3312
Making boxes and containers from wood.	02 - 3312
Making vessels from palm fronds.	03 - 3312
Making vessels and baskets from reeds, willow, wicker, henna sticks, and the like.	04 - 3312
Manufacture of small goods from bamboo, palm fronds, reeds and henna sticks such as ashtrays and bottle caps.	05 - 3312
Other activities for the manufacture of wooden vessels, bowls and small goods from bamboo, palm fronds and the like.	99 - 3312

Manufacture of wood and cork products not added elsewhere:

Manufacture of cork products "including stoppers, insulating materials, lifebelts, pedals, etc."	01 - 3319
Manufacture of school and office supplies from wood.	02 - 3319
Shoe molds made of wood.	03 - 3319
Manufacture of sofas and wooden moulds, except shoe moulds.	04 - 3319
Manufacture of wooden bobbins, except for those used in spinning and weaving machines.	05 - 3319
Manufacture of kitchen supplies from wood (forklift - mortar - grinder, etc.).	06 - 3319
Wooden clothespin making.	07 - 3319
Wooden hanger making.	08 - 3319
Manufacture of wooden frames for pictures and mirrors.	09 - 3319
Wood carving products manufacturing.	10 - 3319
Wooden brads industry.	11 - 3319
Coffin making.	12 - 3319
Other activities related to the manufacture of wood and cork products not elsewhere classified.	99 - 3319

<u>Manufacture of furniture and fixtures other than metal:</u>	
Manufacture of wooden furniture for homes (furniture).	01 - 3321
Wooden furniture manufacturing for home kitchens.	02 - 3321
Manufacture of furniture and fixtures for public shops, except metal.	03 - 3321
Manufacture of furniture and fixtures for offices and professionals, except metal.	04 - 3321
Wooden chair manufacturing.	05 - 3321
Furniture making from bamboo, palm fronds, etc.	06 - 3321
Renovation, modification and repair of furniture and fixtures other than metal.	07 - 3321
Other activities related to the manufacture of furniture and fixtures other than metal.	99 - 3321
<u>Upholstery:</u>	
Furniture upholstery.	01 - 3322
Upholstery of mattresses and the like "local upholsterer".	02 - 3322
Car upholstery.	03 - 3322
Upholstery of curtains (fabric curtain manufacturing)	04 - 3322
Other upholstery activities.	99 - 3322
<u>Section (34) Paper and paper products industry, printing and publishing</u>	
<u>Manufacture of pulp, paper and cardboard:</u>	
paper pulp making	01 - 3411
Newspaper industry	02 - 3411
Writing, printing and drawing paper industry	03 - 3411
Kraft paper making.	04 - 3411
Manufacture of wrapping paper (other than kraft) and cardboard	05 - 3411
Manufacture of compressed paper used in construction (building fiber).	06 - 3411
Cigarette paper industry.	07 - 3411
Other activities for pulp and paperboard manufacturing.	99 - 3411
<u>Manufacture of containers and boxes from cardboard:</u>	
Manufacture of containers and boxes from paper and cardboard	00 - 3412
<u>Manufacture of goods of pulp, paper and board not elsewhere classified:</u>	
Manufacture of unprocessed, coated, glossy, manufactured and laminated paper.	01 - 3419
Making dishes and utensils from paper sample.	02 - 3419
Manufacture of cards, envelopes and non-printed stationery.	03 - 3419
Manufacture of paper spinning tubes and bobbins.	04 - 3419
Other activities for the manufacture of goods from pulp, paper and board, not elsewhere classified.	99 - 3419
<u>Printing, publishing and related industries:</u>	
Printing advertisements, posters, etc. on stone.	01 - 3420
Commercial printing.	02 - 3420

Printing and publishing newspapers and magazines	03 - 3420
Printing and publishing books.	04 - 3420
Printing postage stamps, stamps and the like.	05 - 3420
Printing paper money.	06 - 3420
Paper lining, notebook making, notebooks and similar items.	07 - 3420
Card, envelope and printed stationery manufacturing	08 - 3420
Engraving on metal and zinc plates.	09 - 3420
Manufacture of paper preservation devices such as binders.	10 - 3420
Book recruitment.	11 - 3420
Other activities of printing, publishing and related industries	99 - 3420
<u>Section (35) Chemical and Chemical Products Industries</u> <u>Petroleum, coal, rubber and plastic products</u> <u>Manufacture of basic industrial chemicals, except fertilizers</u>	
Sulfuric acid industry.	01 - 4511
Nitric acid industry.	02 - 3511
Chlorhydric acid manufacture.	03 - 3511
Manufacture of acids except sulfuric, nitric and chloride.	04 - 3511
Caustic soda industryAnd.	05 - 3511
Ammonia industry.	06 - 3511
Caustic potash industry	07 - 3511
Petrochemical industry.	08 - 3511
Manufacture of natural and synthetic tanning materials.	09 - 3511
Dyeing materials industry.	10 - 3511
Manufacture of coloring materials.	11 - 3511

Manufacture and import of polyhydroxy alcohols.	12 - 3511
Solvent industry	13 - 3511
Gum industry	14 - 3511
Hydrogen peroxide production	15 - 3511
Liquid gas and dry ice manufacturing	16 - 3511
Manufacture of chemicals necessary for nuclear fission and fusion and the products of these processes	17 - 3511
Manufacture of synthetic fragrances.	18 - 3511
Synthetic glycerin manufacturing.	19 - 3511
Other activities of basic industrial chemicals industry other than fertilizers	99 - 3511
<u>Fertilizer and pesticide industry:</u>	
Nitrogen fertilizer industry.	01 - 3512
Phosphate fertilizer industry.	02 - 3512

Potassium fertilizer industry.	03 - 3512
Pesticide industry.	04 - 3512
Household pesticide industry.	05 - 3512
Other activities of fertilizer and pesticide industry	99 - 3512
<u>Manufacture of synthetic resins, plastics, synthetic fibers and glass</u>	
Synthetic resins industry.	01 - 3513
Synthetic fiber industry.	02 - 3513
Plastic moles industry.	03 - 3513
Synthetic rubber industry.	04 - 3513
Other activities related to the manufacture of synthetic resins, plastic raw materials and synthetic fibres, except glass.	99 - 3513
<u>Paints, varnishes and lacquers industry:</u>	
Manufacture of paints, varnishes and lacquers.	00 - 3521
<u>Pharmaceutical and pharmaceutical industry:</u>	
Pharmaceutical industry.	01 - 3522
Serum and vaccine manufacturing.	02 - 3522
Plasma industry.	03 - 3522
Pharmaceutical chemical industry.	04 - 3522
Production of cod liver oil for pharmaceutical purposes.	05 - 3522
Veterinary pharmaceutical industry.	06 - 3522
Anesthetic materials manufacturing.	07 - 3522
Other activities of the pharmaceutical and drug industry.	99 - 3522
<u>Manufacture of soap, cleaning products, perfumes, cosmetics and toiletries:</u>	
Soap making.	01 - 3523
Synthetic detergent industry.	02 - 3523
Perfume and cosmetics industry	03 - 3523
Natural glycerin industry.	04 - 3523
Other activities for the manufacture of soap, detergents, perfumes, cosmetics and toiletries.	99 - 3523
<u>Manufacture of chemical products not elsewhere classified</u>	
Manufacture of wetting, emulsifying, penetrating and starching chemicals	01 - 3529
Glue manufacturing.	02 - 3529
Manufacture of adhesives (except glue and gums).	03 - 3529
Writing ink manufacturing.	04 - 3529
Printing ink industry.	05 - 3529
Manufacture of floor and shoe polish.	06 - 3529
Manufacture of furniture and metal polishes.	07 - 3529
Candle making industry.	08 - 3529
Manufacture of disinfectants and deodorants.	09 - 3529

Matchmaking.	10 - 3529
Manufacture of fire extinguishing chemicals.	11 - 3529
Firecracker manufacturing.	12 - 3529
Ammunition manufacturing.	13 - 3529
Hunting cartridge manufacturing.	14 - 3529
Fireworks manufacturing (for festivals and holidays).	15 - 3529
Essential oils industry.	16 - 3529
Manufacture of prepared photographic chemicals	18 - 3529
Manufacture of sensitive pens, paper and sensitive fabric	19 - 3529
Other activities related to the manufacture of chemical products not elsewhere classified Petroleum refineries	99 - 3529
Oil refineries	00 - 3530
<u>Manufacture of various products from petroleum and coal:</u>	
Coke industry.	01 - 3540
Asphalt paving industry.	02 - 3540
Manufacture of asphalt materials used in roofing and construction works.	03 - 3540
Manufacture of lubricating oils and compound and blended greases from purchased materials.	04 - 3540
Other activities for the manufacture of various petroleum and coal products.	99 - 3540
<u>Tyre and inner tube manufacturing:</u>	
Tyre and inner tube manufacturing.	01 - 3551
tire retreading industry	02 - 3551
<u>Manufacture of rubber products not elsewhere classified:</u>	
Rubber shoe making.	01 - 3559
Manufacture of various rubber products	02 - 3559
Manufacture of retreaded rubber from used tires and similar materials.	03 - 3559
Other activities related to the manufacture of rubber products not elsewhere classified.	99 - 3559
<u>Manufacture of plastic products not elsewhere classified:</u>	
Manufacture of plastic products not elsewhere classified.	00 - 3560
Section (36) Manufacture of non-metallic mining service products, other than petroleum and coal products	
<u>Manufacture of porcelain, china and pottery products:</u>	
Manufacture of household and sanitary ware made of porcelain and china (including faience tiles).	01 - 3610
Manufacture of electrical appliances from porcelain and china.	02 - 3610
Manufacture of artistic and decorative products from porcelain and china.	03 - 3610
Manufacture of pottery products (such as jugs and vases).	04 - 3610
Other activities for ceramic, china and pottery products.	99 - 3610

<u>Glass and glass products industry:</u>	
Glass manufacturing (including automotive glass).	02 - 3620
Manufacture of electric lamp bottles.	03 - 3620
Manufacture of inner bottles for insulating containers (thermos).	04 - 3620
Manufacture of shaped or blown glass products such as household utensils and containers.	05 - 3620
Manufacture of scientific and laboratory equipment from glass.	06 - 3620
Optical glass manufacturing.	07 - 3620
Glass brick industry.	08 - 3620
Glass wool industry.	09 - 3620
Mirror manufacturing, cutting, beveling and sanding of glass.	10 - 3620
Manufacture of antiques, handicrafts and crystal chandeliers from glass.	11 - 3620
Watch glass making.	12 - 3620
Other activities related to the manufacture of glass and glass products.	99 - 3620
<u>Manufacture of building and construction products from clay and pottery:</u>	
Red brick making.	01 - 3691
Manufacture of pottery products for construction and building (tiles - pipes - ceramic tiles).	02 - 3691
Brick and refractories industry.	03 - 3691
<u>Cement, lime and plaster industry:</u>	
Cement industry.	01 - 3692
Lime industry.	02 - 2692
Suction cup industry.	03 - 3692
<u>Manufacture of non-metallic mineral products not elsewhere classified:</u>	
Sand brick making.	01 - 3699
Gypsum products manufacturing.	02 - 3699
Manufacturing of sucking products.	03 - 3699
Cement tile manufacturing.	04 - 3699
Cement and concrete products manufacturing.	05 - 3699
Manufacture of stone cutting and grinding products not related to quarrying.	06 - 3699
Marble sawing, cutting and polishing.	07 - 3699
Abrasive materials industry.	08 - 3699
Sandpaper manufacturing.	09 - 3699
Asbestos products manufacturing.	10 - 3699
Graphite products manufacturing.	11 - 3699
Making statues from stones and marble.	12 - 3699
<u>Other activities related to the manufacture of non-metallic mineral products not elsewhere classified.</u>	99 - 3699
<u>Section (37) Basic Metal Industries</u>	

<u>Basic iron and steel industry:</u>	
Blast furnace operations and related processes.	01 - 3710
Rolling operations (other than those connected with blast furnaces).	02 - 3710
Drawing operations for the production of rods (other than those connected with blast furnaces).	03 - 3710
Steel casting industry.	04 - 3710
Forging industry.	05 - 3710
Manufacture of steel and welded pipes and their fittings.	06 - 3710
Manufacture of drawn steel pipes and their fittings.	07 - 3710
Manufacture of high pressure cast iron pipes and their accessories.	08 - 3710
Manufacture of cast iron castings (including sanitary ware).	09 - 3710
Other activities of the basic iron and steel industries.	99 - 3710
<u>Non-ferrous metals industry:</u>	
Smelting, refining, rolling and drawing of non-ferrous metals and their alloys (except gold and precious metals).	01 - 3720
Casting operations for non-ferrous metals (except gold and precious metals).	02 - 3720
Smelting, refining, rolling and drawing operations of gold and precious metals.	03 - 3720
Casting operations for gold and precious metals.	04 - 3720
Gold leaf and precious metals manufacturing.	05 - 3720
Alumina production from bauxite.	06 - 3720
Other activities of the basic non-ferrous metals industry.	99 - 3720

<u>Section (38) Manufacture of metal products, machinery, equipment and tools</u>	
<u>Manufacture of cutting tools, hand tools and general metal hardware:</u>	
Hand tools for agriculture and gardening.	01 - 3811
Other hand tools industry.	02 - 3811
Cutting tools industry.	03 - 3811
Razor blade manufacturing.	04 - 3811
Manufacturing of metal accessories for buildings such as columns, acorns, and columns, etc.	05 - 3811
Manufacture of metal furniture accessories.	06 - 3811
Blacksmith workshop industry.	07 - 3811
Lock and key manufacturing.	08 - 3811
Other activities for the manufacture of cutting tools, hand tools and general metal hardware.	99 - 3811
<u>Furniture and metal fittings industry:</u>	
Metal furniture manufacturing from panels.	01 - 3812
Metal furniture manufacturing, mostly made of pipes and rods.	02 - 3812
Manufacture of metal fittings for public shops and offices.	03 - 3812

Metal curtain manufacturing.	04 - 3812
Repair of furniture and metal fixtures.	05 - 3812
Other activities of furniture and metal fittings manufacturing.	99 - 3812
<u>Structural metal products industry:</u>	
Manufacturing of metal structural parts (bridge parts - tanks - gallons).	01 - 3813
Manufacture of architectural metal works (doors - windows - fences - stairs).	02 - 3813
Manufacture of metal parts for ships and barges.	03 - 3813
Boiler and related industry.	04 - 3813
Other activities of the manufacture of structural metal products.	99 - 3813
<u>Manufacture of metal products not classified elsewhere except machinery and equipment:</u>	
Manufacture of cans and containers from tin.	01 - 3819
Manufacture of barrels and metal containers, except tin.	02 - 3819
Manufacture of tableware (except silver or silver-plated).	03 - 3819
Metal household utensils manufacturing.	04 - 3819
Metal bucket manufacturing.	05 - 3819
Chains and chain manufacturing.	06 - 3819
Metal wire industry.	07 - 3819
Woven wire industry.	08 - 3819
Barbed wire manufacturing.	09 - 3819
Expanded mesh manufacturing.	10 - 3819
Metal rope manufacturing.	11 - 3819
Storage and reinforced rooms industry.	12 - 3819
Spring manufacturing (leaf and spiral).	13 - 3819
Needle screw manufacturing.	14 - 3819
Manufacture of fastening equipment (manufacture of nails other than needle nails, nuts and rivets).	15 - 3819
Pin making.	16 - 3819
Paste tubes manufacturing.	17 - 3819
Enamel sanitary products manufacturing.	18 - 3819
Non-electric heaters manufacturing.	19 - 3819
Metal tensioner manufacturing.	20 - 3819
Printing lettering industry.	21 - 3819
Scale cymbal making.	22 - 3819
Kerosene stove manufacturing.	23 - 3819
Welding rods manufacturing.	24 - 3819
Finishing operations for metal products include plating, annealing, grinding and galvanizing.	25 - 3819
Manufacture of faucets, valves and similar pipe fittings.	26 - 3819

Manufacture of fire extinguishing equipment and devices.	27 - 3819
Manufacture of chandeliers, candlesticks and metal lampshades.	28 - 3819
Metal lathe workshops.	29 - 3819
Body shops (except car body shops).	30 - 3819
Welding workshops.	31 - 3819
Other activities related to the manufacture of metal products not elsewhere described, except for equipment.	99 - 3819
<u>Engine and turbine industry:</u>	
Manufacture of internal combustion engines, except for those used in transportation equipment.	01 - 3821
Turbine industry.	02 - 3821
Steam engine manufacturing.	03 - 3821
Refurbishment and repair of engines and turbines.	04 - 3821
Other activities of engine and turbine manufacturing.	99 - 3821
<u>Agricultural machinery and equipment industry:</u>	
Agricultural tractor manufacturing and repair.	01 - 3822
Manufacture and repair of agricultural machinery and equipment and their parts such as (ploughs, waterwheels, threshers, etc.).	02 - 3822
Other activities for the manufacture of agricultural machinery and equipment.	99 - 3822
<u>Metal and wood working machines industry</u>	
Metalworking machinery industry.	01 - 3823
Woodworking machinery industry.	02 - 3823
Manufacturing of rolling, drawing and extrusion machines.	03 - 3823
Press industry.	04 - 3823
Smelting machine industry.	05 - 3823
Non-electric welding machine manufacturing.	06 - 3823
Manufacturing of numbers, patterns and models (grinding machines).	07 - 3823
Refurbishment and repair of metal and wood working machines.	08 - 3823
Other activities of metal and wood working machinery industry.	99 - 3823
<u>Manufacture of specialized industrial machinery and equipment, except for metal and wood working machines:</u>	
Manufacture and repair of specialized machines and equipment for manufacturing industries (except metal and wood working machines).	01 - 3824
Manufacture and repair of specialized machinery and equipment for construction and mining.	02 - 3824
Other activities related to the manufacture of specialized industrial machinery and equipment (except metal and wood working machines).	99 - 3824
<u>Office, calculator and accounting machinery industry:</u>	
Calculating machine industry.	01 - 3825
Accounting machines industry.	02 - 3825

Repair of office machines, calculators and accounting.	03 - 3825
Other activities for the manufacture of office machines, calculators and accounting.	99 - 3825
<u>Manufacture of non-electrical machinery and equipment not classified elsewhere.</u>	
Pump manufacturing.	01 - 3829
Air and gas compressors manufacturing.	02 - 3829
Manufacture of air conditioning units and devices.	03 - 3829
Manufacturing of refrigerators of all kinds.	04 - 3829
Manufacture of wagons, tractors and trailers specially designed for industry and construction.	05 - 3829
Manufacture of cranes and lifting machines.	06 - 3829
Weighing machine industry.	07 - 3829
Elevator industry.	08 - 3829
Escalator manufacturing.	09 - 3829
Washing machine manufacturing.	10 - 3829
Manufacture of small arms and accessories.	11 - 3829
Manufacture of weapons, heavy military equipment and their supplies.	12 - 3829
Sewing machine manufacturing.	13 - 3829
Manufacturing of rotating shafts (bearings).	14 - 3829
Refurbishment and repair of machines, equipment and their parts (general mechanical study).	15 - 3829
Manufacture of cooking ovens and non-electric heaters.	16 - 3829
Other activities related to the manufacture of machinery and non-electrical equipment not classified elsewhere.	99 - 3829
<u>Industrial machinery and electrical equipment industry:</u>	
Manufacture of electric motors and generators.	01 - 3831
Electrical transformer industry.	02 - 3831
Manufacture of electrical equipment for the transmission and distribution of electrical energy.	03 - 3831
Manufacture of electrical control devices for industry.	04 - 3831
Manufacture of electric welding equipment.	05 - 3831
Workshops for the renewal and repair of electric engines and generators.	06 - 3831
Repair shops for machines and other industrial electrical equipment.	07 - 3831
Other activities for the manufacture of industrial machinery and electrical appliances.	99 - 3831
<u>Radio, television, communications equipment and devices industry:</u>	
Manufacture of radio equipment and its parts.	01 - 3832
Manufacture of television sets and their parts.	02 - 3832
Manufacture of audio tape recording devices.	03 - 3832
Gramophone industry.	04 - 3832
Other broadcasting recording equipment manufacturing.	05 - 3832

Gramophone record manufacturing.	06 - 3832
Speaker manufacturing.	07 - 3832
Telephone manufacturing.	08 - 3832
Telegraph equipment manufacturing.	09 - 3832
Manufacture of parts and supplies for electronic devices.	10 - 3832
X-ray equipment manufacturing.	11 - 3832
Manufacture of electrical alarm and signal equipment.	12 - 3832
Other activities of radio, television and communications equipment manufacturing.	99 - 3832
<u>Home appliances and electrical appliances industry:</u>	
Electric fan manufacturing.	01 - 3833
Vacuum cleaner manufacturing.	02 - 3833
Manufacture of other household electrical appliances such as (irons, heaters)	03 - 3833
Other activities for the manufacture of household electrical appliances and tools.	99 - 3833
<u>Manufacture of electrical appliances and equipment not classified elsewhere:</u>	
Manufacture of insulated electrical wires and cables.	01 - 3839
Liquid battery manufacturing.	02 - 3839
Dry cell battery manufacturing.	03 - 3839
Manufacture of electric lamps with metal filaments.	04 - 3839
Other light bulbs include fluorescent and neon tubes.	05 - 3839
Manufacture of lamp bases and accessories.	06 - 3839
Manufacture of electrical wiring and fittings.	07 - 3839
Manufacture of electrical insulators and insulating materials (except those made of glass and china)	08 - 3839
Manufacture of electrical appliances and equipment for transportation equipment not mentioned above.	09 - 3839
Other activities related to the manufacture of electrical appliances and equipment not classified elsewhere.	99 - 3839
<u>Shipbuilding and repair:</u>	
Shipbuilding and repair.	01 - 3841
Launch manufacturing and repair (including river buses).	02 - 3841
Boat building and repair.	03 - 3841
Sandal making and repair.	04 - 3841
Manufacture and repair of legitimate vessels.	05 - 3841
Marine engine manufacturing.	06 - 3841
Dry dock operations (including floating docks and hulls).	07 - 3841
Other shipbuilding and repair activities.	99 - 3841
<u>Transportation equipment manufacturing (railway)</u>	
Locomotive and engine manufacturing.	01 - 3842
Passenger rail car manufacturing.	02 - 3842

Manufacture of sleeping and eating carts.	03 - 3842
Manufacture of goods wagons (including Decauville wagons).	04 - 3842
Manufacture of tram and metro trolley cars.	05 - 3842
Workshops for the renewal and repair of locomotives and wagons.	06 - 3842
Other activities of railway transport equipment manufacturing.	99 - 3842
<u>Automotive industry:</u>	
Automotive industry of all kinds.	01 - 3843
Automobile assembly industry of all kinds.	02 - 3842
Manufacture of bus and van bodies and structures.	03 - 3843
Manufacture of automobile engines and parts.	04 - 3843
Manufacture of other specialized parts for automobiles.	05 - 3843
Other automotive industry activities.	99 - 3843
<u>Motorcycle and bicycle manufacturing:</u>	
Manufacturing and assembling all types of motorcycles.	01 - 3844
Manufacturing and assembling all types of bicycles.	02 - 3844
Manufacture of specialized parts for motorcycles and bicycles.	03 - 3844
Other activities of motorcycle and bicycle manufacturing.	99 - 3844
<u>Aircraft industry:</u>	
Manufacturing and assembling all types of aircraft.	01 - 3845
Aircraft engine and parts manufacturing.	02 - 3845
Aircraft repair.	03 - 3845
Other aircraft manufacturing activities.	99 - 3845
<u>Manufacture of transport equipment not elsewhere classified:</u>	
Animal-drawn carriage manufacturing.	01 - 3849
Animal-drawn carriage manufacturing (karo).	02 - 3849
Hand cart manufacturing.	03 - 3849
Baby stroller manufacturing.	04 - 3849
Other activities related to the manufacture of transport equipment not elsewhere classified.	99 - 3849
<u>Manufacture of professional and scientific equipment and measuring and control equipment not elsewhere classified:</u>	
Manufacture of scientific and laboratory equipment and instruments (except optical).	01 - 3851
Manufacture of electrical measuring and control devices (except industrial).	02 - 3851
Manufacture of non-electrical measuring and control devices.	03 - 3851
Surgical and medical equipment manufacturing.	04 - 3851
Dental equipment manufacturing.	05 - 3851
Manufacturing of measuring instruments for the yard.	06 - 3851
Manufacture of devices and tools for engineering drawing.	07 - 3851
Manufacture of operating tables, specialized furniture for hospitals and dental chairs.	08 - 3851

Manufacture of prosthetic limbs and body parts.	09 - 3851
Manufacture of artificial teeth (except custom dentures).	10 - 3851
Manufacture of medical belts and stockings.	11 - 3851
Medical adhesive tape manufacturing.	12 - 3851
Medical cotton industry.	13 - 3851
Surgical suture manufacturing.	14 - 3851
Other activities related to the manufacture of professional, scientific, measuring and arbitration equipment not classified elsewhere.	99 - 3851
<u>Photographic and optical goods industry</u>	
Optical instrument manufacturing (including surgical and medical)	01 - 3852
Lens manufacturing.	02 - 3852
My lenses are tinted (my glasses are legal).	03 - 3852
Eyeglass frames manufacturing.	04 - 3852
Sunglasses manufacturing.	05 - 3851
Manufacture of equipment and supplies for photography.	06 - 3852
Manufacture of cinema projection machines and the like.	07 - 3852
Photocopying equipment manufacturing.	08 - 3852
Other activities of the photographic and optical goods industry.	99 - 3852
<u>Watchmaking</u>	
Watchmaking and assembly	01 - 3853
Manufacture of watch parts (except stones).	02 - 3853
Watch box manufacturing.	03 - 3853
Other watchmaking activities.	99 - 3853
<u>Section (39) Other manufacturing industries</u>	
<u>Manufacture of jewelry and similar items.</u>	
Gold jewelry making.	01 - 3901
Manufacture of jewelry made of silver and other precious metals.	02 - 3901
Precious jewellery making (including cutting and setting of stones).	03 - 3901
Manufacture of silverware and tableware made of silver or silver-plated.	04 - 3901
Manufacture of gold plated jewellery (shell).	05 - 3901
Precious metal plating industry.	06 - 3901
Manufacture of medals, badges and insignia from precious metals or plated with them	07 - 3901
Coin minting industry.	08 - 3901
Other activities for the manufacture of jewelry and similar articles.	99 - 3901
<u>Musical instrument making</u>	
Piano making.	01 - 3902
Other stringed instrument making.	02 - 3902
Wind instrument industry.	03 - 3902

Percussion instrument making.	04 - 3902
Strings made of intestine or metal.	05 - 3902
Other activities of musical instrument making,	99 - 3902
<u>Sports and fitness equipment industry:</u>	
Manufacture of sports and fitness equipment.	00 - 3903
<u>Manufacturing industries not elsewhere classified:</u>	
Manufacture of children's toys (except those made of rubber or plastic).	01 - 3909
Pen making industry.	02 - 3909
Manufacture of pencils and the like.	03 - 3909
Coupon paper making.	04 - 3909
Typewriter ribbon manufacturing.	05 - 3909
Stencil paper making.	06 - 3909
Preparing animal intestines for the manufacture of surgical sutures and tendons	07 - 3909
Manufacture of tools and supplies for artists.	08 - 3909
Fashion hardware and accessories industry.	09 - 3909
Clothing zipper industry.	10 - 3909
Umbrella and stick making.	11 - 3909
Preparing the feathers.	12 - 3909
Artificial flower industry.	13 - 3909
Manufacture of buttons, except those made of precious metals.	14 - 3909
Manufacture of hardware for hair.	15 - 3909
Manufacture of brooms and floor brushes.	16 - 3909
Manufacture of lampshades (except those made of metal or glass).	17 - 3909
Manufacture of pipes and cigarette holders.	18 - 3909
Manufacture of flags, badges, logos and cards.	19 - 3909
Manufacture of signs and materials for display and advertising.	20 - 3909
Manufacture of metal seals, rubber, stamps and stamps.	21 - 3909
Hair net making.	22 - 3909
Wig making.	23 - 3909
Manufacture of all types of sewing and knitting needles.	24 - 3909
Bird and animal taxidermy industry.	25 - 3909
Sieves and screens filling industry.	26 - 3909
Organic fertilizer industry.	27 - 3909
Other manufacturing activities not elsewhere classified.	99 - 3909

Ministerial Resolution No. 471 of 1978

**By assigning the implementation of the Industrial Registry Law to the
General Authority for Industrialization (1)**

Minister of Industry, Petroleum and Mining

After reviewing Law No. 24 of 1977 regarding the industrial registry:

**And Ministerial Resolution No. 186 of 1978 regarding the executive regulations of
Industrial Registry Law No. 24 of 1977**

Decided :

**Article 1 - The implementation of Industrial Registry Law No. 24 of 1977 shall be
assigned to the General Authority for Industrialization.**

**Article 2 - The Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors of the General Authority for
Industrialization shall implement this decision.**

**Article 3 - This decision shall be published in the Egyptian Gazette and shall be effective
from the date of its publication.**

Written on 9 Shawwal 1398 (11 September 1978).

Engineer / Ahmed Ezz El-Din Hilal

(1) Egyptian Gazette - Issue 251, November 2, 1971

Resolution No.678 of 1983

Minister of Industry and Mineral Resources

After reviewing Law No. 157 For the year 1981 regarding the issuance of the Income Tax Law amended by Law No. 87 of 1983;

And on Law No. 24 of 1977 regarding the industrial registry;

And on Law No. 110 of 1975 on production cooperation;

And with the approval of the Minister of Finance dated 10/25/ 1983;

Decided

(Article 1)

Establishments to which the provisions of Law No. 24 do not apply for the year 1977 referred to, and to which the tax rate on the profits of industrial establishments stipulated in Article 31 of Law No. 157 of 1981 applies, are the establishments that engage in one of the following aspects of industrial activity.

Spinning and weaving industry:

Hook and loop products - Textiles - Hand and mechanical rugs and kilims - Ready-made garments made of linen and tulle.

Food industries:

Dairy Products - Bakeries - Black Honey - Oil Presses - Tobacco and Molasses - Poultry and Fish Farming.

Metal industries:

Metal forming (casting - rolling - forging)).

Construction and Refractories:

Wooden products (doors - floors - windows - barrels) Wooden furniture - tiles and pottery - marble manufacturing.

Chemical industries:

Leather goods

Engineering Industries:

Nails, pins and clips - Tin cans, buckets and buckets - Metal furniture - Crystal products made of aluminum or iron - Khan El Khalili products - Building supplies (locks, drums, hinges, taps, valves, etc.)).

(Article Two)

The following conditions must be met for the establishments referred to in Article 1 of this decision to enjoy the tax rate set for industrial establishments:

1 - To have obtained industrial activity licenses from the competent local government authorities.

2 - To be a member of a specialized production cooperative association established in accordance with the provisions of Law No. 110 of 1975 referred to.

(Article 3)

This decision shall be published in the Egyptian Gazette.

Minister of Industry and Mineral Resources

Dr. / Mohammed Al-Sayed Al-Gharori

Decision of the President of the Arab Republic of Egypt
No. 350 of 2005
By establishing the General Authority for Industrial Development

Republic President

After review on the constitution

And Law No. 453 of 1954, regarding industrial, commercial establishments. and other annoying, unhealthy and dangerous places:

And Law No. 21 of 1958 regarding the regulation of industry:

And the Public Bodies Law issued by Law No. 61 of 1963;

And Law No. 24 of 1977 regarding the industrial registry;

And Law No. 59 of 1979 regarding the establishment of the New Urban Communities Authority;

And the Local Administration System Law issued by Law No. 43 of 1979;

And Law No. 143 of 1981 regarding desert lands;

And Law No. 7 of 1991 regarding some provisions related to private state property;

And Law No. 5 of 1996 regarding the rules for free disposal of desert lands owned by the state or public legal entities or leasing them at a nominal rent to establish investment projects on them or to expand them:

And the Investment Guarantees and Incentives Law issued by Law No. 8 of 1997: And the Presidential Decree No. 1097 of 1957 establishing the General Authority for Implementing the Five-Year Program for Industry:

And Presidential Decree No. 1476 of 1964 replacing the name of the General Authority for Implementing the Five-Year Industrial Program with the General Authority for Industrialization and assigning the powers of the Industrial Organization Authority to the General Authority for Industrialization; and Presidential Decree No. 1055 of 1967 regarding the development of the General Authority for Industrialization;

(*) Official Gazette - Issue 42 (repeated) - 10/23/2005

And Presidential Decree No. 153 of 2001 regarding the establishment of the National Centre for Planning State Land Uses;

And Presidential Decree No. 154 of 2001 regarding determining the uses of state lands until the year 2017;

And on Presidential Decree No. 158 of 2001 regarding the free disposal of desert lands on which industrial zones are established in the governorates;

And Presidential Decree No. 226 of 2004 regulating the Ministry of Foreign Trade and Industry;

And Presidential Decree No. 300 of 2004 issuing the customs tariff; and Decision of the Minister of Industry and Technological Development No. 312 of 2000 regarding the services provided by the General Authority for Industrialization in the field of industrial investment and the return of the costs that the Authority used to collect;

And with the approval of the Council of Ministers;

Decided

(Article 1)

A general economic authority called the “General Authority for Industrial Development” shall be established .It has a public legal personality, its headquarters are in Cairo, and it is affiliated with the Minister of Foreign Trade and Industry. It is referred to in this decision as “the Authority.”

The Authority may establish branches and offices within Arab Republic of Egypt.

(Article 2)

The Authority shall be the entity responsible for implementation Industrial policies set by the Ministry of Foreign Trade and Industry and its affiliated bodies, stimulating and encouraging investments in the industrial sector, setting and implementing land development policies for industrial purposes and making them available to investors, and facilitating their access to industrial licenses. To this end, it has the following:

1- Studying the legislation related to industry and proposing what it deems appropriate regarding it.

2- Preparing studies and plans for industrial development sectorally and geographically and following up and encouraging their implementation.

3- Developing the general policies and plans necessary for the development of industrial zones in coordination with the governorates and other relevant authorities. The Authority alone shall have the authority to decide on requests to establish industrial zones or expand existing ones, and to set the conditions and rules related to that, whether the industrial zones established or managed by the governorates or other state entities or the private sector.

4- Determining the lands allocated for industrial purposes in coordination with the National Center for Planning State Land Uses.

5- Setting the conditions and rules that allow private sector companies to establish, provide facilities and manage industrial zones and provide spaces, lands and places in them for investors, and licensing them to establish and manage industrial zones.

6- Determining the industrial activities and products as well as the service activities associated with them that are practiced in industrial zones in coordination with the Environmental Affairs Agency, the governorates and other state and private sector entities.

7- Setting the conditions and rules governing the exploitation and development of industrial zones lands and pricing them to investors, and coordinating with the governorates or other bodies of the state or the private sector that accompany and manage the industrial zones to make them available to investors through the Industrial Land Support Fund referred to in Article 10 of this decision.

8- Setting general rules to encourage investors within industrial zones and linking this to specific standards for production, operation, and export or other development objectives, and working to create an appropriate climate for investment in industrial zones in cooperation with the General Authority for Investment and Free Zones, and that these rules be presented to the Council of Ministers for approval.

9- Setting the conditions and rules regulating the approvals and licenses required for industrial projects and issuing them, and issuing certificates of registration in the industrial registry. The Authority may authorize whomever it deems appropriate from the concerned authorities in the State to issue approvals and licenses.

10- Issuing approvals and licenses to establish industrial projects outside industrial zones in cases that require this in accordance with the conditions and procedures determined by the Authority's Board of Directors.

11- Following up and evaluating industrial projects in coordination with the concerned authorities to ensure that the conditions for exploiting industrial zones are not violated.

12- Developing general policies and plans necessary for training workers in the industrial field, and supervising projects funded by foreign grants or loans that are affiliated with the ministry responsible for foreign trade and industry, in coordination with government agencies and the private sector working in this field, in a way that leads to qualifying workers and developing their capabilities according to the requirements of the industry.

13- Developing the necessary policies and mechanisms to link the requirements for developing industrial sectors and scientific research activities and technology associated with them, in order to activate the benefit from the results of scientific research and projects to meet the needs of industrial development.

14- Registering companies and expertise houses working in the field of establishing, developing and modernizing integrated engineering systems related to industrial, technological and service activities according to the controls determined by the Authority's Board of Directors.

15- Issuing books, magazines and bulletins related to promoting industrial zones and projects and their promotional and advertising materials, in cooperation with the General Authority for Investment and Free Zones.

(Article 3)

Industrial areas, in the application of the provisions of this decision, the specified areas of land located within or outside the governorates' jurisdiction, the coordinates of whose external borders are shown on survey maps, and are allocated for industrial projects and service activities associated with them in accordance with the provisions of the laws and decisions regulating industry and investment.

The provisions of this decision exclude all public free industrial zones .Economic zones, craft zones and maintenance workshops.

The provisions of this decision shall apply to existing and new industrial zones, as well as: Lands that have an industrial license and are not used and owned by companies or individuals and are converted into industrial zones.

(Article 4)

The Authority shall haveA Board of Directors shall be formed by a decision issued by the Prime Minister as follows:

- Chairman of the Authority.
- Two deputies to the Chairman of the Authority.
- A State Council advisor chosen by the Council President.
- Six representatives of the Ministries of Foreign Trade and Industry, Investment, Local Development, Housing, Utilities and Urban Communities, Finance, and Environment, each of whom is nominated by the relevant minister.
- Three specialists and experts selected by the Minister of Foreign Trade and Industry.

The term of the Board of Directors shall be four years, renewable for one term..

The formation decision includes determining the financial treatment of the Chairman and members of the Council..

(Article 5)

The Board of Directors of the Authority is the highest authority responsible for its affairs and the management of its matters. It may take whatever decisions it deems necessary to achieve the purpose for which the Authority was established. It may, in particular, do the following::

- * Setting the general policy of the Authority.
- * Developing and implementing the Authority's activity plans and programs.
- * Approval to establish branches and offices of the Authority within the Arab Republic of Egypt
- * Issuing internal regulations related to the financial and administrative affairs of the Authority and its employees without being bound by government rules.
- * Approval of the Authority's draft annual budget, accounts and final statements.
- * Approval of the organizational structure of the Authority
- * Accepting grants, subsidies and donations and approving the conclusion of loans that achieve the purposes of the Authority in light of the laws and decisions regulating this.
- * Approving contracts, actions and works that enable the Authority to carry out its activities.
- * Setting the rules for using local and foreign technical expertise and determining the compensation or rewards granted to them.
- * Considering all matters that the competent minister deems necessary to present that fall within the authority's jurisdiction. The Council may assign some of its powers to the Chairman of the Council or to a committee from among its members. It may also delegate a specific task to one of its members or one of the directors.

(Article 6)

The Board of Directors shall meet at the invitation of its Chairman or his representative at least once every month. The Chairman may call the Board to meet whenever necessary. The meeting shall not be valid unless the majority of the members are present, and decisions

shall be issued by a majority of the votes of those present, and in the event of a tie, the side of the president prevails.

The decisions of the Board of Directors shall be approved by the Minister responsible for foreign trade and industry, and shall be implemented after their approval or after two weeks from the date of inform him of it without objection from him.

(Article 7)

The Minister responsible for foreign trade and industry issues decisions regarding the organization of non-industrial activities within industrial zones to achieve the purpose of their establishment and development.

(Article 8)

The Authority's resources consist of:

- * The credits and funds allocated to it by the state.
- * Fees and service charges collected by the Authority from governorates or other state entities or the private sector that undertake the establishment and management of industrial zones.
- *The Authority's activity proceeds from the standard costs of work and services. which the Authority performs for others.
- * Grants, donations and gifts accepted by the Board of Directors.
- * Loans concluded by the Board of Directors
- * Return on investment of the Authority's funds. The Authority's funds are considered public funds.

(Article 9)

The Authority shall have an independent budget similar to commercial budgets, and the year shall begin the financial year begins at the beginning and ends at the end of the state's fiscal year, and the Authority's resources are placed in a special account allocated for spending on its purposes.

(Article 10)

A fund shall be established to support the establishment, development and improvement of the Industrial regions areas in Egypt, and support for land prices and industrial and service activities associated with them in these areas in a way that achieves the Authority's objectives in industrial development as stated in Article Two of this decision, and in a way that leads to

increasing the ability of industrial areas to attract investments and encourage competition among them.

The Fund's resources consist of appropriations and funds which is allocated to him by the state.

The Fund shall have a legal personality, and its Board of Directors shall be headed by Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Authority, and a decision shall be issued by the Minister responsible for foreign trade and industry to form its board of directors and its work system.

(Article 11)

The rules and provisions stipulated in the Authority's Personnel Affairs Regulations shall apply to the Authority's employees.

(Article 12)

The Authority shall replace the General Authority for Industrialization, and its funds, assets, rights and obligations shall be transferred to it, and it shall enjoy with all its powers and authorities.

(Article 13)

All employees of the General Authority for Industrialization shall be transferred to the Authority with the same statuses functional.

(Article 14)

The competent authorities in the country concerned with industrial zones shall coordinate and cooperate with the Authority in implementing its competencies contained in the provisions of this Resolution.

(Article 15)

This decision shall be published in the Official Gazette and shall be effective from the day following the date of publication.

Issued by the Presidency of the Republic on 19 Ramadan 1426 AH
(Corresponding to October 22, 2005 AD)

Hosni Mubarak

